

FIAT Doblo

COMBI 1.5 BLUEHDI DIESEL FWD MANUAL

2024



Clean Air Index

2.8

Energy Efficiency Greenhouse Gas Index

1.2

Index

8.6 Clean Air Tests

	Laboratory Test	имнс	NO _x	NH ₃	co	PN
8.4 /10	Cold Test					
9.5 /10	Warm Test					
8.5 /10	Highway					
	Cold Ambient Test	Does not qua	alify for additior	nal robustness t	esting	
	Road Test					
9.2 /10	On-Road Drive					
3.2 /5	On-Road Short Trip					
	On-Road Heavy Load	Does not qua	alify for addition	nal robustness t	esting	
	On-Road Light Load	Does not qua	alify for additior	nal robustness t	esting	
	Congestion	Does not qua	alify for additior	nal robustness t	esting	













Comments

Exhaust gas pollutant emissions are handled exceptionally well by the diesel FIAT Doblo in all tests. Noteworthy is the fact that even the full power accelerations in the Highway Test don't make the car lose control over the typical diesel problem species – NO_x emissions, and the value remains close to the detection limit – impressive 1.5 mg/km. The first 8 km of the On-Road Drive, however, emitted significant 95 mg/km before the exhaust aftertreatment reached its optimal operating conditions and the further trip could take place with only minimal emissions.



Energy Efficiency Tests

	Laboratory Test	Energy		
3.8 /10	Cold Test			
3.9 /10	Warm Test			
1.0 /10	Highway			
	Cold Ambient Test	Does not qualify t	for additional robustness testing	
		Consumption	Driving Range	
	Average	7.1 I/100 km	756 km	
	Worst-case	8.5 I/100 km	624 km	













Comments

The 1.5 litre turbocharged diesel engine in the Doblo is not supported by any hybrid system. While the standard WLTC+ tests in the lab require around 6.5 litres for 100 km, the more challenging BAB130 Highway Test raises the consumption to 8.5 l/100 km. The On-Road Drive was performed with 5.8 l/100 km. An average consumption of 7.1 l/100 km leads to a poor score of 2.8/10 in this part of the assessment, but one should not disregard the fact that the Doblo is a utility van with high aerodynamic drag.



	Greenhouse gases	CO ₂	N ₂ O	CH₄
2.1 /10	Cold Test			
1.8 /10	Warm Test			
0.0/10	Highway			
	Cold Ambient Test	Does not qua	alify for addition	nal robustness testing













Comments

Like other vehicles driven by fossil fuels, the Greenhouse Gas Index is the worst category for the FIAT, as well. Notably, only in the Warm Lab Test the car doesn't get the bonus points foreseen for good laughing gas (N₂O) control. This index's score would have been higher, if it weren't for the high CO₂ emissions, which rise from around 170 g CO₂/km measured at the tailpipe in the standard lab tests to around 205 g CO₂-eq./km due to the addition of upstream emissions related to the production and supply of the diesel fuel. In the Highway Test, the total value is 266 g CO₂-eq./km.

Our Verdict

The FIAT Doblo tested here is a utility vehicle with a 1.5 I turbocharged diesel engine. It provides 96 kW peak power and shares several specifications with its competitors in the Stellantis group. Like most other fossil fuelled cars, it struggles most with greenhouse gas emissions, namely $\rm CO_2$. The problem is even more pronounced due to the relatively high consumption figures of the small van. On the positive side, exhaust pollutant emissions are managed impressively well with the typically problematic $\rm NO_x$ and particulate emissions kept far below the legal limits and Green NCAP thresholds. Here, further improvement of the cold start emissions control would help the FIAT strive for even a higher score. Overall, the FIAT Doblo reaches an average score of 42% and $\rm 2½$ Green stars.

Disclaimer 2

Specification

Tested Car

Publication Date 06 2024 Vehicle Class Small MPV

Tyres 205/60 R16

Emissions Class
Furo 6d AQ

Mass 1 575 kg

Engine Size 1,499 cc Power/Torque 96 kW/300 Nm Declared CO₂ 166 g/km

Declared Battery Capacity

Declared Driving Range n.a.

Declared Consumption 6.3 I/100 km

Heating Concept
Waste heat



Think before you print